

"* * * * "CURRENT COMMENTS"

ISI Announces Forthcoming Publication
of CC/CP -- *Current Contents/Clinical Practice*

August 9, 1972

In January 1973, ISI® will distribute the first weekly issue of a new member of the *Current Contents*® series: *CC®/Clinical Practice*.

There has been great concern in the past few years--lay and medical, legislative and public--about the apparent difficulty of applying quickly in clinical practice the results of the vast programs of medical research supported by public funds. The problem, of course, is nothing so simple as a communication gap, and public expectations have been too often encouraged in the popular press by over-simplified explanations of complicated medical research. Nevertheless, communications and awareness in medical practice can be improved and we expect that our new *CC/Clinical Practice* discussed below can play an important role in doing so. The reading habits of the practicing physician and his paramedical associates have been the subject of much speculation and criticism. The older practitioner is believed to read few clinical journals and to prefer material (some of it excellent) repackaged for him by pharmaceutical houses and others with a specific goal-orientation. The younger practitioner is said to be more literature-oriented. Whether or not true in either case, both are severely restricted as to reading time. For whatever time is actually available to the practitioner and his colleagues, we believe *CC/Clinical Practice* can offer a more truly comprehensive and perhaps more ob-

jective reading menu than any now available.

Recently, I described how, under ideal circumstances, we could provide a unique version of *Current Contents* for every reader.¹ Supplemented by our ASCA® and OATS® services, such unique services constitute "personalized scientific journals."² Since real-life economics can rarely support the ideal, compromises must be made. For the past 15 years, *CC/Life Sciences* has attempted to provide optimum coverage for a variety of life-sciences disciplines from biochemistry to human genetics and zoology. As a consequence, the coverage of *CC/LS* has run the gamut from chemical physics and biometrics, to molecular biology, pediatrics, and the general practice of clinical medicine.

Substantial numbers of *CC/Life Sciences* readers are only interested in a portion of its total coverage, sometimes perhaps only one or two of the major section groupings for each weekly issue. These eight sections usually are Biochemical, Pharmacological, Animal and Plant Science, Experimental, Behavioral, Multi, Chemical and Clinical. For anyone interested in comprehensive coverage of clinical medicine, our choice of journals may be less than complete, although it does certainly include the journals most frequently consulted, at least as far as research clinicians are concerned. Readers primarily interested in clinical medicine

have often expressed the opinion that for them CC/LS is unnecessarily bulky since clinical medicine has claimed less than 25% of the space. And certainly its positioning as the last section of CC may lead to as much impatience as that due to our inability to include even more clinical material.

To do so, however, would have gone against a basic policy of CC/Life Sciences coverage. We long ago satisfied ourselves that CC/Life does cover the most frequently cited journals.³ Our selection policy must remain founded on that philosophy. Consequently, to cope with coverage of the many clinical journals suggested to us, most of which must be rated "good" under reasonable standards of evaluation, we have decided to launch a new and separate *Current Contents* service, to be called *Current Contents/Clinical Practice*.

Apart from these practical considerations, CC/CP also reflects our recognition of a change in the reading habits and life-style among younger clinical practitioners.

I must stress this fact at the outset: any reader of CC/Life Sciences who is fundamentally satisfied with its present coverage should not switch to CC/Clinical Practice. You should not consider switching unless you almost never examine contents pages in the seven other sections of CC/Life Sciences; you should switch if you scan only the Clinical section. CC/Clinical Practice can not and will not cover material of interest to research-oriented physicians including biochemistry, experimental pharmacology, and other "preclinical sciences". Some clinically oriented readers of CC/Life Sciences must cover not only the preclinical sciences, but also pure chemistry and "general science". For the majority of clinical readers we group these in the so-called Multidisciplinary Section for easy bypass. CC/CP will not cover *Nature*, *Science*, *Doklady* or *Comptes Rendus*.

If you consistently by-pass everything else in CC/Life to get to the Clinical section, then you're logically a candidate for the exclusive and expanded clinical coverage of a CC/CP. CC/CP will include the approximately 300 clinical journals from CC/Life Sciences (NB: They will not be dropped from CC/Life). In addition, as the first step in *Current Contents* expansion of clinical coverage, about 400 clinical journals will be added.

Who are the logical users of the new CC/CP? Our surveys have shown that a large number of so-called "pass along" readers of CC/Life are in fact clinicians, who limit their scanning to the Clinical section alone. Others are clinical specialists interested in the core journals of general medicine, but also in the journals of their own specialties and others related to it. Clinicians in pharmaceutical firms and government agencies whose responsibilities dictate extensive coverage of the clinical drug literature without regard to specialty will find the added clinical coverage of CC/CP a decided advantage. Indeed, it is no accident that CC/CP will include "designated" clinical journals listed by the US Food and Drug Administration in the *Federal Register*. CC/CP will also cover all journals in *Abridged Index Medicus*. CC/CP will appeal to small and large medical libraries whose journal coverage is oriented toward the interests of clinicians and their associates.

The new CC/CP will also include a *Weekly Subject Index*. Recognizing that large numbers of potential readers of CC/CP are extremely restricted in the time they can give to reading, we are making the *Weekly Subject Index* an integral part of the new service from the beginning. Indexing will be based on actual title words and not on a restricted list of subject headings as practiced by *Index Medicus*. This fact, and the timeliness of CC/CP itself

should make CC/CP particularly welcome within the framework of day-to-day medical practice. Its function is not archival bibliography though I suspect many subscribers will retain annual sets for several years. Of course, *Current Contents/Clinical Practice* will also include an Author Index and Address Directory to expedite reprint requests. It will be backed up by ISI's unique 24-hour library service for delivery of Original Article Tear Sheets (*OATS*).

As our surveys have indicated, there are many readers who need "pre-clinical" coverage but also desire expanded clinical coverage. These research-oriented practitioners will have to use two editions of *Current Contents* as is now done by many other readers with broad interests.

If the history of CC/LS is any guide to the future of CC/Clinical Practice, then we can expect that as its circulation and readership increases, so will its coverage. In journal selection, we'll apply all the objective and subjective criteria available to us. As in the past, the requirements of the majority of users will weigh heaviest in our decisions. In this connection, it should be noted from the proposed list of journals for CC/CP (see page 8) that the term *Clinical Practice* is not restricted to the interests of the physician

alone. CC/CP will also include coverage of nursing and allied health professions, dentistry, health care administration, forensic medicine, medical economics, etc.

We expect that expanded coverage in the future will include many journals with articles in languages other than English. Much clinically interesting material is published outside the "Anglo-Saxon" world. Till now there has simply been no space in CC/Life to include many such worthwhile journals. CC/Clinical Practice gives us the opportunity. It is not that we expect many US readers will be ready to handle medical texts in Russian, Portuguese, Japanese, etc., but most such journals (certainly those we will add to CC/CP) have English titles and English abstracts. The community of medical science world-wide can only profit from such cross-fertilization.

As with all other CC editions, the basic subscription includes air cargo delivery in most foreign countries, with generous group discounts available. We fully expect a warm reception for CC/CP in every country of the world, especially in those places where medical information services are archaic. The use of the Address Directory for reprint requests will aid particularly in the developing countries.^{4,5}

1. Garfield, E. ASCA plus OATS equals the "repackaged" or "personalized" journal. *Current Contents* No. 30, p. 5, July 26, 1972.
2. ASCA-matic, the personalized journal. *Current Contents* No. 31, p. 5, July 30, 1968.
3. Citation analysis as a sociometric tool for journal evaluation and science policy studies. *Science*, in press.
4. Use of *Current Contents* in developing countries. *Current Contents* No. 38, p. 4-5, September 23, 1970.
5. Posen, S. & Posen, J.S. The geography of reprint requests. *J. Med. Educ.* 44(8): 648-654, August 1969.

Preliminary List of Journals to be Covered in CURRENT CONTENTS/CLINICAL PRACTICE

Listed below are journals selected as of July 1972 for coverage in *Current Contents/Clinical Practice*. Other journals will be added in due course. Origin of each journal is shown by a two-character symbol after the title abbreviation, as follows:

Ar	Argentina	Fi	Finland	Jm	Jamaica	SA	South Africa
Au	Australia	Fr	France	Ke	Kenya	Sp	Spain
Be	Belgium	Ge	Germany	Me	Mexico	SU	USSR
Br	Brazil	Hu	Hungary	Ne	Netherlands	Sv	Sweden
Ca	Canada	In	India	NG	New Guinea	Tu	Tunisia
CH	Switzerland	Ir	Ireland	No	Norway	UK	Great Britain
Ch	Chile	Is	Israel	NZ	New Zealand	US	USA
Cz	Czech.	It	Italy	Oe	Austria	Ve	Venezuela
Da	Denmark	Ja	Japan	Po	Poland	Za	Zambia

36 countries are represented by journals on this preliminary list. About 90% of the journals are published in the following 9 countries: USA (225), Germany (69), France (53), Great Britain (50), Switzerland (43), Spain (26), Italy (18), Sweden (18), and Canada (10).

Abdom. Surg. (US)	Actual. pediat. (Sp)	Amer. J. Proctol. (US)	Oculist. (It)
Acta allergol. (Da)	Actuelle Chir. (Ge)	Amer. J. Psychiat. (US)	Ann. Allergy (US)
Acta anaesth. belg. (Be)	Actuelle Gerontol. (Ge)	Amer. J. Publ. Health (US)	Ann. Clin. Res. (Fi)
Acta anaesth. scand. (Da)	Actuelle Traumatol. (Ge)	Amer. J. Roentgenol. Radium Ther. Nucl. Med. (US)	Ann. Internal Med. (US)
Acta chir. scand. (Sv)	Actuelle Urol. (Ge)	Amer. J. Surg. (US)	Ann. Ophthalmol. (US)
Acta cytol. (US)	Adv. Obst. Gyn. (CH)	Amer. J. Trop. Med. Hyg. (US)	Ann. Otol. Rhinol.
Acta derm. venereol. (Sv)	Adv. Ophthalmol. (CH)	Amer. Rev. Resp. Dis. (US)	Laryngol. (US)
Acta gerontol. (It)	Adv. Oto-Rhino-Laryngol. (CH)	Amer. Surgeon (US)	Ann. Rheum. Dis. (UK)
Acta gin. (Sp)	Adv. Psychosom. Med. (CH)	An. Acad. Med. Quir. Esp. (Sp)	Ann. Roy. Coll. Surg. England (UK)
Acta haematol. (CH)	Aerospace Med. (US)	An. Med. Cirugia (Sp)	Ann. Surgery (US)
Acta haematol. jap. (Ja)	Afr. J. Med. Sci. (UK)	An. Real Acad. Nac. Med. (Sp)	Ann. Thor. Surg. (US)
Acta hepato-gastroenterol. (Ge)	Alabama J. Med. Sci. (US)	Anaesthesia (US)	Ann. Trop. Med. Parasitol. (UK)
Acta med. Acad. Sci. Hung. (Hu)	A. von Graefes Arch. klin. exp. Ophthalmol. (Ge)	Anaesthesist (Ge)	Ann. Urol. (Fr)
Acta med. pol. (Po)	Amer. Family Phys. (US)	Anesth. Analg. Curr. Res. (US)	Ann. Rev. Med. (US)
Acta med. scand. (Sv)	Amer. Heart J. (US)	Anesth. Analg. Reanim. (Fr)	Arbeitsmed. Sozialmed. Arbeitshyg. (Ge)
Acta obst. gyn. scand. (Sv)	Amer. J. Cardiol. (US)	Anesthesiology (US)	Arch. derm. Forsch. (Ge)
Acta odontol. scand. (Sv)	Amer. J. Clin. Hypnosis (US)	Angiologica (CH)	Arch. Gyn. (Ge)
Acta ophthalmol. (Da)	Amer. J. Clin. Nutr. (US)	Angiology (US)	Arch. klin. exp. ONK Heilk. (Ge)
Acta orthopaed. scand. (Da)	Amer. J. Clin. Pathol. (US)	Ann. Anat. Pathol. (Fr)	Arch. Kreislaufforsch. (Ge)
Acta orthopaed. belg. (Be)	Amer. J. Digest. Dis. (US)	Ann. Cardiol. Angiol. (Fr)	Arch. Orthopad. Unfallchir. (Ge)
Acta otalaryngol. (Sv)	Amer. J. Dis. Children (US)	Ann. chir. gyn. fenn. (Fi)	Arch. Psychiat. Nervenkr. (Ge)
Acta otorrinolaringol. esp. (Sp)	Amer. J. Epidemiol. (US)	Ann. Chir. (Fr)	Arch. Dermatol. (US)
Acta paediat. Acad. Sci. Hung. (Hu)	Amer. J. Gastroenterol. (US)	Ann. Chir. Infant. (Fr)	Arch. Dis. Childhood (UK)
Acta paediat. belg. (Be)	Amer. J. Human Genet. (US)	Ann. Chir. Plast. (Fr)	Arch. Environmental Health (US)
Acta paediat. scand. (Sv)	Amer. J. Med. (US)	Ann. Dermatol. Syphiligr. (Fr)	Arch. Esp. Med. Int. (Sp)
Acta pediat. esp. (Sp)	Amer. J. Med. Sci. (US)	Ann. Gastroenterol. Hepatol. (Fr)	Arch. Fr. Mal. Appl. Digest. (Fr)
Acta radiol. diag. (Sv)	Amer. J. Med. Technol. (US)	Ann. Med. Interne (Fr)	Arch. Fr. Pediat. (Fr)
Acta Soc. med. upsal. (Sv)	Amer. J. Nursing (US)	Ann. Oto-laryngol. Chir. Cerv. Fac. (Fr)	Arch. Gen. Psychiat. (US)
Acta socio-med. scand. (Sv)	Amer. J. Obst. Gyn. (US)	Ann. Parasitol. Hum. Comp. (Fr)	Arch. Inst. Pasteur Tunis (Tu)
Acta Univ. Carolinae med. (Cz)	Amer. J. Ophthalmol. (US)	Ann. Pediat. (CH)	Arch. Internal Med. (US)
Acta urol. belg. (Be)	Amer. J. Optometry Optometry (US)	Ann. Radiol. (Fr)	Arch. Mal. Coeur Vaiss. (Fr)
Actas dermoscl. (Sp)	Amer. J. Orthodont. (US)	Ann. Ottalmol. Clin.	
Actas lusoesp. neur. psiquiat. (Sp)	Amer. J. Orthopsychiat. (US)		
Actual. hepatogastroenterol. (Fr)	Amer. J. Pathol. (US)		
	Amer. J. Phys. Med. (US)		

Arch. Mal. Profess. Med.	Bull. Soc. Internat. Chir. (Be)	Enferm. Torax	Israel J. Med. Sci. (Is)
Trav. Secur. Soc. (Fr)	Bull. WHO (Ch)	Tuberc. (Sp)	Japan Circ. J. Engl. Ed. (Ja)
Arch. Neurology (US)	Bundesgesundheitsblatt (Ge)	Europa Med. (Fr)	Jap. Heart J. (Ja)
Arch. Ophthalmol. (Fr)	CA-Cancer J.	Europa Medicophys. (It)	Jap. J. Surg. (Ja)
Arch. Ophthalmol. (US)	Clinicians (US)	EEENT Monthly (US)	Jap. J. Tuberc. Chest Dis. (Ja)
Arch. Otolaryngol. (US)	Cahiers Med. (Fr)	Fertil. Steril. (US)	Johns Hopkins Med. J. (US)
Arch. Pathology (US)	California Med. (US)	Fol. Angiol. (Ge)	J. Albert Einstein Med. Cent. (US)
Arch. Phys. Med.	Canad. Anaesth. Soc. J. (Ca)	Fol. Medi. Neerl. (Ne)	J. Allergy Clin. Immunol. (US)
Rehabil. (US)	Canad. J. Med. Technol. (Ca)	Forensic Sci. (CH)	J. Amer. Ass. Nurse Anesth. (US)
Arch. Surgery (US)	Canad. J. Ophthalmol. (Ca)	Fortschr. Geb. Roentgenstr. Nukl. (Ge)	J. Amer. Coll. Emerg. Phys. (US)
Arch. Enferm. Cor. Vas. (Sp)	Canad. J. Otolaryngol. (Ca)	Fortschr. Strahlensch. (Ge)	J. Amer. Dent. Ass. (US)
Arch. Inst. Cardiol.	Canad. J. Surg. (Ca)	Gastroenterology (US)	J. Amer. Dent. Ass. (US)
Mexico (Mex)	Canad. Med. Ass. J. (Ca)	Gastroint. Endosc. (US)	J. Amer. Geriatr. Soc. (US)
Arch. Invest. Med. (Mex)	Canad. Nurse (Ca)	Gebrusth. Frauenh. (Ge)	J. Amer. Med. Ass. (US)
Arch. Pediat. (Sp)	Cancer (US)	Geriatrics (US)	J. Amer. Optom. Ass. (US)
Arthritis &	Cancer Chemother Rep.	German Med. (Ge)	J. Amer. Osteop. Ass. (US)
Rheumatism (US)	I (US)	Geroncolog. (CH)	J. Appl. Physiol. (US)
Artificial Limbs (US)	Cardiology (CH)	Gerontol. Clin. (CH)	J. Arkansas Med. Soc. (US)
Arztl. Forsch. (Ge)	Cardiovasc. Res. (UK)	Gin. Obst. (Mex)	J. Asthma Res. (US)
Australas. J. Dermatol. (Au)	Chest (US)	Gin. Ital. Derm. Minerva Derm. (It)	J. Bone Joint Surg. (US)
Australas. Radiol. (Au)	Chicago Med. Sch. Q. (US)	Group Pract. (US)	J. Canad. Dent. Ass. (Ca)
Austr. New Zeal. J. Med. (Au)	Chirurg (Ge)	Gut (UK)	J. Cardiovas. Surg. (It)
Austr. New Zeal. J. Obst.	Chirurgie (Fr)	Gynakologe (Ge)	J. Chirurgie (Fr)
Gyn. (Au)	Chir. plast. (Ge)	Gyn. Invest. (CH)	J. Chronic Dis. (UK)
Austr. New Zeal. J. Surg. (Au)	Circulation (US)	Gyn. Obst. (Fr)	J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab. (US)
Austr. Pediat. J. (Au)	Circulation Res. (US)	Harefuah (Is)	J. Clin. Invest. (US)
Behav. Neuropsychiat. (US)	Cirugia Esp. (Sp)	Hautarzt (Ge)	J. Clin. Pathol. (UK)
Berufs-Dermatosen (Ge)	Cirugia Gin. Urol. (Sp)	Headache (US)	J. Clin. Pharmacol. New Drugs (US)
Bibl. Cardiol. (CH)	Cleft Palate J. (US)	Health Serv. Rep. (US)	J. Clin. Psychol. (US)
Bibl. Gastroenterol. (CH)	Clin. Ter. (It)	Helv. Chir. Acta (CH)	J. Dent. Children (US)
Bibl. Haematol. (CH)	Clin. Chem. (US)	Helv. Med. Acta (CH)	J. Electrocardiol. (US)
Bibl. Ophthalmol. (CH)	Clin. EEG (US)	Helv. Paediat. Acta (CH)	J. Exp. Med. (US)
Bibl. Psychiat. (CH)	Clin. Exp. Immunol. (UK)	Henry Ford Hosp. Med. J. (US)	J. Hyg. (UK)
Bibl. Radiol. (CH)	Clin. Genet. (Da)	Hospitals- J. Amer. Hosp. Ass. (US)	J. Gerontol. (US)
Bibl. Tuberc. Med.	Clin. Med. (US)	Hosp. Pract. (US)	J. Immunol. (US)
Thorac. (CH)	Clin. Orthop. Rel. Res. (US)	Hosp. Topics (US)	J. Infect. Dis. (US)
Biol. Gastroenterol. (Fr)	Clin. Pediat. (US)	Human Pathol. (US)	J. Invest. Dermatol. (US)
Blood (US)	Clin. Pharmacol. Ther. (US)	Indian J. Chest Dis. (In)	J. Irish Coll. Phys. Surg. (Ir)
Blut (Ge)	Clin. Radiol. (UK)	Coeur Med. Interne (Fr)	J. Lab. Clin. Med. (US)
Brain (US)	Clin. Res. (US)	Connecticut Med. (US)	J. Med. Strasbourg (Fr)
Brit. Dent. J. (UK)	Clin. Sci. (UK)	Contraception (US)	J. Med. Educ. (US)
Brit. Heart J. (UK)	Clin. Trials J. (UK)	Cor Vasa (Cz)	J. Med. Genet. (UK)
Brit. J. Anaesth. (UK)	Coeur Med. Interne (Fr)	Cortex (It)	J. Medicine (CH)
Brit. J. Clin. Pract. (UK)	Conn. Med. (US)	Curr. Probl. Surg. (US)	J. Nat. Cancer Inst. (US)
Brit. J. Dermatol. (UK)	Contraception (US)	Curr. Thes. Res. Clin. Exp. (US)	J. Nat. Med. Ass. (US)
Brit. J. Dis. Chest (UK)	Cortisol (It)	DM Dis. Month (US)	J. Internat. J. Nursing Stud. (UK)
Brit. J. Haematol. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Dan. Med. Bull. (Da)	J. Internat. J. Orthodont. (US)
Brit. J. Industr. Med. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Dent. Clin. N. Amer. (US)	J. Internat. Nursing Rev. (CH)
Brit. J. Ophthalmol. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Dent. Pract. Dent. Rec. (UK)	J. Internat. Ophthalmol. Clin. (US)
Brit. J. Oral Surg. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Dermatologica (CH)	J. Internat. Psychiat. Clin. (US)
Brit. J. Plast. Surg. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Deut. Med. Wschr. (Ge)	J. Internat. Surg. (US)
Brit. J. Prev. Soc. Med. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Develop. Med. Child Neurol. (UK)	J. Internat. Urol. Nephrol. Inv. (US)
Brit. J. Psychiat. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Diabetes (US)	J. Internat. Arch. Arbeitsmed. (Ge)
Brit. J. Radiol. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Diabetologia (Ge)	J. Internat. Ge (Ge)
Brit. J. Surg. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Diagnostica (US)	J. Invest. Clin. (Ve)
Brit. J. Urol. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Digestion (CH)	J. Invest. Ophthalmol. (US)
Brit. J. Vener. Dis. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Dis. Colon Rectum (US)	J. Invest. Radiol. (US)
Brit. Med. Bull. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Dis. Nerv. Syst. (US)	J. Invest. Urol. (US)
Brit. Med. J. (UK)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	East Afr. Med. J. (Kenya)	Irish J. Med. Sci. (Ir)
Bull. Acad. Nat. Med. (Fr)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	EEG/EMG (Ge)	J. Pediat. Surg. (US)
Bull. Cancer (Fr)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Emerg. Med. (US)	J. Pediatrics (US)
Bull. Fed. Soc. Gyn. Obst. (Fr)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Endocrinology (US)	J. Periodontol. (US)
Bull. Med. Libr. Ass. (US)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)	Endoscopy (Ge)	J. Prosth. Dent. (US)
Bull. New York Acad. Med. (US)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)		
Bull. Schweiz. Akad. Med. Wiss. (CH)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)		
Bull. Soc. Fr. Derm. Syph. (Fr)	Curr. Top. Surg. (US)		

J. Publ. Health Dent. (US)	Nephron (Fr)	Radiology (US)	Surg. Clin. N. Amer. (US)
J. Radiol. Electrol. Med.	Neurology (US)	Reconstr. Surg. Traumatol. (CH)	Surg. Forum (US)
Nuci. (Fr)	Neuroradiology (US)	Rehabilitation (Ge)	Surv. Anesth. (US)
J. Reprod. Med. Lying-In (US)	New Engl. J. Med. (US)	Rend. Rom. Gastroenterol. (It)	Surv. Ophthalmol. (US)
J. Sports Med. Phys. Fitness (It)	New York St. J. Med. (US)	Respiration (CH)	Therapeutique (Fr)
J. Surg. Oncol. (US)	New Zealand Med. (NZ)	Rev. Surg. (US)	Thorax (UK)
J. Surg. Res. (UK)	Nouv. Presse Med. (Fr)	Rev. Brasil. Med. Trop. (Br)	Thoraxchir. Vask. Chir. (Ge)
J. Thorac. Cardiovasc. Surg. (US)	Nouv. Rev. Fr. Hematol. (Fr)	Rev. Clin. Esp. (Sp)	T. Ophthalmol. Soc. UK (UK)
J. Trauma (US)	Nurs. Clin. N. Amer. (US)	Rev. Esp. Anest. Reanim. (Sp)	T. Amer. Acad. Ophthal- mol. Otolaryngol. (US)
J. Urology (US)	Nurs. Forum (US)	Rev. Esp. Cardiol. (Sp)	Transfusion (US)
J. Urol. Nephrol. (Fr)	Nurs. Outlook (US)	Rev. Esp. Pediat. (Sp)	Transpl. Rev. (Sv)
Kidney Internat. (Ge)	Nurs. Res. (US)	Rev. Esp. Reum. Enferm. Ost. (Sp)	Tumori (It)
Klin. Mbl. Augenh. (Ge)	Obst. Gyn. (US)	Rev. Invest. Clin. (Me)	Un. Med. Canada (Ca)
Klin. Paediat. (Ge)	Offentl. Gesundhws. (Ge)	Rev. Med. Chile (Ch)	Urologe A (Ge)
Klin. Wschr. (Ge)	Oncology (CH)	Rev. Fr. Allergol. (Fr)	Urol. Internat. (Sv)
Lancet (UK)	Ophth. Surg. (US)	Rev. Fr. Gyn. Obst. (Fr)	Urol. Surv. (US)
Langenbecks Arch. Chir. (Ge)	Ophthalmologica (CH)	Rev. Fr. Transfus. (Fr)	Urol. Nephrol. (Hu)
Marseille Chir. (Fr)	Oral Surg. Med. Pathol. (US)	Rev. EEG Neurophysiol. Clin. (Fr)	Vasa (CH)
Mayo Clin. Proc. (US)	Orthoped. Clin. N. Amer. (US)	Rev. Epidem. Med. Soc. Sante Publ. (Fr)	Vasc. Surg. (US)
Med. Mal. Infect. (Fr)	Otolaryngol. Clin. N. Amer. (US)	Rev. Chir. Orthop. Repar. App. Mot. (Fr)	Vit. Med. Canada Fr. (Ca)
Med. Aspects Human Sex. (US)	Ouest Med. (Fr)	Rev. Stomatol. Chir. Max. Fac. (Fr)	Vox Sang. (CH)
Med. Care (US)	Panminerva Med. (It)	Rev. Tuberc. Pneumol. (Fr)	W. Indies Med. J. (Jm)
Med. Clin. N. Amer. (US)	Papua New Guinea Med. J. (NG)	Rev. Rhum. Mal. Osteart. (Fr)	Wien. Klin. Wschr. (Oe)
Med. J. Australia (Au)	Paraplegia (UK)	Sanger (Sp)	Wien. Med. Wschr. (Oe)
Med. J. Zambia (Za)	Pediat. Clin. N. Amer.	Sbornik Lekarsky (Cz)	World Med. J. (US)
Med. Letter Drugs Ther. (US)	Pediat. Res. (US)	Scand. J. Dent. Res. (Da)	Yonago Acta Med. (Ja)
Med. Progr. Technol. (Ge)	Pediatrics (US)	Scand. J. Gastroenterol. (No)	Z. Gastroenterol. (Ge)
Med. Res. Eng. (US)	Pennsylvania Med. (US)	Scand. J. Haematol. (Da)	Z. Geburtsh. Gyn. (Ge)
Medicina (Ar)	Physiol. Rev. (US)	Scand. J. Infect. Dis. (Sv)	Z. Kinderh. (Ge)
Med. Clin. (Sp)	Plast. Reconstr. Surg. (US)	Scand. J. Plast. Reconstr. Surg. (Sv)	Z. Kinderchir. (Ge)
Med. Esp. (Sp)	Pneumonologie (Gr)	Scand. J. Rehabil. Med. (Sv)	Z. Kreislauff. (Ge)
Medicine (US)	Postgrad. Med. (US)	Scand. J. Rheumatol. (Sv)	Z. Laryngol. Rhinol. Otol. (Ge)
Med. Sci. Law (US)	Postgrad. Med. J. (UK)	Scand. J. Resp. Dis. (Da)	Z. Orthopad. (Ge)
Med. Sci. Sports (US)	Pract. ORL (CH)	Scand. J. Thor. Cardio- vasc. Surg. (Sv)	Z. Prakt. Anasth. (Ge)
Med. Klin. (Ge)	Practitioner (CH)	Scand. J. Urol. Nephrol. (Sv)	Z. Rechtsmed.-J. Leg. Med. (Ge)
Med. Welt (Ge)	Prax. Pneumol. (Ge)	Schweiz. Med. Wschr. (CH)	Z. Rheumaforsch. (Ge)
Metabolism (US)	Prev. Med. (US)	Scot. Med. J. (UK)	Zbl. Chir. (Ge)
Meth. Inform. Med. (Ge)	Proc. Royal Soc. Med. (UK)	Scripta Med. (Cz)	Zbl. Gyn. (Ge)
Mil. Med. (US)	Proc. R. Virchow Med. Soc. (US)	Sem. Hopitaux (Fr)	Zbl. Neurochir. (Ge)
Minerva Cardioang. (It)	Progr. Enferm. Cardiovasc. (Sp)	Sem. Hematol. (US)	
Minerva Chir. (It)	Progr. Obst. Gin. (Sp)	Sem. Roentgenol. (US)	
Minerva Gin. (It)	Progr. Ter. Clin. (Sp)	Soc. Biol. (US)	
Minerva Med. (It)	Progr. Cardiovasc. Dis. (US)	Soc. Sci. Med. (UK)	
Minerva Orthoped. (It)	Progr. Surg. (CH)	S. Afr. J. Med. Sci. (SA)	
Minerva Pediat. (It)	Psychiat. Med. (US)	S. Afr. Med. J. (SA)	
Mod. Concepts Cardiovasc. Dis. (US)	Psychosomat. Med. (US)	Soviet. Med. (SU)	
Mischr. Kinderh. (Ge)	Psychother. Psychosomat. (CH)	Strahlentherapie (Ge)	
Mischr. Unfallh. VVV (Ge)	Publ. Health (US)	Stroke (US)	
Monogr. Paediat. (CH)	Q.J. Med. (UK)	Surgery (US)	
Mount Sinai J. Med. (US)	Q.J. Stud. Alcohol A (US)	Surg. Italy (It)	
Munch. Med. Wschr. (Ge)	Radiobiol. Radiother. (Ge)	Surg. Gyn. Obst. (US)	
Nat. Cancer Inst. Monogr. (US)	Radiol. Clin. Biol. (CH)		
	Radiol. Diag. (Ge)		
	Radiol. Clin. N. Amer. (US)		
	Radiologe (Ge)		